Documents to be submitted:

- Original certificate(s) of the deceased stockholder' shares of stock
- Certified true copy of the Death Certificate
- Certification from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue attesting to the payment (or exemption from payment) of the estate tax, as required by the Philippine National Internal Revenue Code. If the shareholder is a non-resident, certification from the proper office of the Philippine Embassy or Consulate that the estate taxes due the Philippine Government under Title III, Section 78 of the Philippine National Internal Revenue Code have been paid; if the estate is tax-exempt, certification to this effect should be secured from the Philippine Consulate Office
- A two-year Heir's Bond issued by a duly accredited bonding company in an amount equivalent to the total estimated market value of the shares left by the deceased and the expected dividends thereon for the two-year period. Otherwise, the new stock certificate in the name of the heirs shall be released after a period of two years from the date of the last date of publication of the extrajudicial partition, pursuant to Section 4, Rule 74 of the Rules of Court of the Philippines

The transfer of a deceased stockholder's shares to his/her heir(s) may be done in two ways, to wit:

- 1. Judicially (through court proceedings); or
- 2. Extra-judicially (out-of-court settlement of estate).

Additional Documents:

- 1. If the estate of the deceased stockholder is settled judicially, whether testate or intestate, the heirs have to submit the following:
  - Certified true copy of the Death Certificate
  - Original certificate(s) of the deceased stockholder' shares of stock
  - Letters of Administration/Testamentary, issued by the probate court/court
  - Certified true copy of the Court Order approving the disposition of the shares, the partition, or probate of will
- 2. If the estate is settled extrajudicially, the heirs have to submit the following:
  - Original signed or certified true copy of the Deed of Extrajudicial Settlement or an Affidavit of Self-Adjudication, as applicable. The Deed of Extrajudicial Settlement or the Affidavit of Self-Adjudication, as applicable, must be registered with the Register of Deeds of the decedent's last known residence
  - Affidavit of Publication of the notice of the estate's settlement in a newspaper of general circulation, once a week for three consecutive weeks

Note: If the stockholder is a non-resident, all the documents to be submitted should be duly authenticated by the proper officer of the Philippine Embassy or Consulate.